QUEENSLAND FRUIT FLY (QFF)

Yearly Action Plan



Spring	 Spring is a great time to remove unwanted fruit trees Pick and dispose any excess ripe winter fruits like citrus Time to set up your Queensland Fruit Fly (QFF) monitoring traps <u>High Risk Spring Host Fruits:</u> Citrus
Summer	 Summer is an important time to keep an eye out for QFF and manage the fruit and vegetables in your garden Net your veggie garden and fruit trees before the fruit ripens Pick up fallen fruit every day Monitor for QFF in your garden <u>High Risk Summer Host Fruits & Vegetables:</u> Cherries, stone fruit, plums, tomatoes, capsicum, chillies
Autumn	 Pick up fallen fruit and harvest ripe vegetable. Don't leave them to rot in your garden Treat any fallen and infested fruit and vegetables to kill any maggots. These can be burnt, solarised (heat treated), drowned or frozen <u>High Risk Autumn Host Fruits:</u> Apples, pears, quinces, early citrus (e.g. mandarins), pomegranates and ornamental fruits like pineapple guava.
Winter	 Winter is the best time to prune your fruit trees to a height that makes them easy to manage for picking and netting Remove unwanted or unmanaged fruit trees and collect any fallen fruits Fruit left on the tree can provide a winter harbour for QFF so it's best to use it or remove it. QFF can 'overwinter' in heat sinks such as a lemon tree close to the house or shed. Move traps around the garden out of deciduous trees into evergreens in these heat sink areas. <u>High Risk Winter Host Fruits:</u> Apples, pears, quinces, pomegranates and citrus

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